

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1872.

NATIONAL REPORT TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

Electors for President and Vice-President.

For the State at Large,

T. J. Jarvis and E. W. Poy.

First District—Octavius Coke, of Chowan.

Second District—Swift Galloway, of Greens.

Third District—T. C. Fuller of Cumber-

land.

Fourth District—H. A. London, Jr., of

Fifth District—London.

Sixth District—W. L. Steele, of Rich-

mond.

Seventh District—F. B. McDowell, of

Irishell.

Eighth District—Thomas D. Johnston,

of Bancombe.

Let us have a full turn out on Saturday

next to hear the Greeley and Grant electors discuss the great national issues of the day. Next month will be the climax of the campaign. Every exertion will be made from October 1st till the election day. Let the Conservatives and Democrats buckle on the armor and be foremost in the fight. It is no small affair, and we cannot afford to be apathetic.

We have a wily foe to encounter, and we must be energetic and firm in our purpose to counteract the erroneous doctrines which are scattered broadcast over the country, in the shape of cunningly devised documents, purporting to be extracts from Mr. Greeley's speeches and editorials. They are distorted and garbled so as to mislead the unwary. Every mail brings hundreds of documents, framed by Radical congressmen, so as to give them as much importance as possible, when, in fact, they are nothing but a batch of lies and misrepresentations from begin-

ning to end.

Mr. Greeley has always been a friend to the whole people, and worked for their welfare. This has been the main object of his vigorous pen, and there is no one who has defied public opinion, when sure that he was right, with more firmness than Horace Greeley. He warned the Republican party of its dangerous tendency towards centralization, and always contended for the one term Presidential policy, as the only safeguard against official corruption.

He contended for civil service reform long before it entered the slow and torpid brain of Grant. Indeed it did not occur to this great "silence" man, until it suited "Morton to put in," and then Conkling echoed it until Grant really believed that he was responsible for it himself. The bombing is now so apparent that it is seldom heard of, although Greeley continually unearthened these political badgers, and exposed their insincerity.

The first move towards general amnesty, in fact, originated with "Old Honesty." He was willing to trust the white people of the South as well as the ignorant freedmen. He was also the first to hurl his anathemas against the "carpet bag" legislation, which heaped repeated ruin upon the already impoverished South.

Greeley looked through his clouded political spectacles and saw nothing but "Klux" and at the behest of party leaders, inaugurated a series of military occupations, backed by Congressional legislation, enabling him to suspend the writ of habeas corpus, thereby safeguard against despotism.

Greeley was not afraid to trust the South, and through his persistent exertions, mainly, amnesty was at last wrung from the hesitating and unwilling radical leaders.

Greeley is in favor of a stern military government and civil government subordi-

nate to it.

Greeley is for civil government first and a moderation of the military arm in time of peace.

Liberty and good government is Greeley's motto, while Grant favors a military and centralized government like Germany, Austria and Russia.

Greeley favors the Washingtonian plan of government, while Grant apes the old monarchial forms in suspending the writ of habeas corpus at will.

Greeley despises those who would buy friends with gifts, while Grant is only too glad to receive, keep silence, and then appoint his relatives and gift-giving friends to office.

In short, we have Grant and a military despotism, on the one hand, and Greeley and a good, old fashioned, free American government on the other.

Which will you have: Grant and bayonets, or Greeley and peace and prosperity?

We again urge a full turn out of Conservatives on Saturday next.

One of the delegates from North Carolina to the so-called straight-out Democratic Convention at Louisville, publishes a letter stating that the whole South was in a hubbub and deception. The most of the delegates were traitors and had always been and continue to be Democrats or Conservatives with Radical leaders, and co-operate with a disguised Grant movement. —Charlotte Democrat.

One of the most significant signs of the times we notice is that the Radical party everywhere is becoming alarmed for fear the people will decide against the present administration in November next, as having proven to be a failure, and a chance of reforms necessary for the welfare of the country. They are making unprecedented and unscrupulous efforts to deceive the people in various ways, and appealing to passion and prejudice to carry their point.

All well disposed persons should let the dead past be buried, and turn their attention to the living present and future, as the Liberal Conservative Reform party is striving to do.

Well may the Radical party tremble for a day of reckoning is coming most surely. The people are well aware that Radical rule has well nigh ruined them.

They see the hand of the oppressor and tax gatherer heavily upon them in this State, and tax-ridden Forsyth County has become by word, and an item showing how heavily our people are taxed, is going the rounds of the newspapers, as extraordinary taxation. Carpet-baggers, Railroad Kings, Swindlers, and designing political knaves, have assisted in placing heavy burdens upon our poor people, without the remotest prospect of any beneficial results.

Consequent ruinous is staring us in the face and driving our population away to seek their fortunes in more favored States, where carpet-baggers, swindlers and political knaves are not permitted to molest them.

And, notwithstanding all this, the Rad's heap insult upon injury by asking to be continued in power. The people are long-suffering, but have submitted to the wrongs inflicted upon them since the surrender, long enough, and we hope they will now commence in good earnest to effect a peaceful revolution at the ballot box, beginning with the great Radical chief at Washington, hurling him from his seat and putting in his place honest and capable HORACE GREELEY, who is pledged to carry out the principles of Reformation and Reform, peace and goodwill towards all men, true genuine liberty and general amnesty.

We, to-day, differ, politically, with some of our old friends to some extent. But when we ask our whilom political friends, how they like the present state of affairs, they again agree with us, and answer, "Not at all!—There certainly is a screw or two loose somewhere, and if we knew how to remedy the existing evil, we would most cheerfully lend a helping hand." Fellow citizens, the remedy is easy, plain and simple, in our opinion. Place the proper men at the head of our National and State affairs, and a wholesome influence will be exercised throughout the land. The carpet-baggers, knaves and swindlers will find their occupation gone, and sneak back from whence they came. We will have the government administered for the benefit of the whole people, and we will have no political judges and packed juries, but justice will be administered impartially, as of old; we will rejoice once more in honest and fair elections, and ballot-stuffing, repeating, false counts, and favoritism in various ways, will be heard of no more. It is an undeniable fact that elections of late years have become not much short of downright mockery, rocking with bribery, fraud and corruption, sickening to contemplate. Then our able contemporary of the Battle-
boro Advance so well says:

"Under existing circumstances how important to us is the pending election. The only chance for a change, the only glimmer of hope held out to us is the election of Greeley and Brown. The unjust and tyrannical manner in which we have been treated by the Grant party, more than anything else, caused the split in the Radical party and brought forth the Cincinnati Convention of Liberal Republicans which nominated them. They propose to give us peace, justice and local self-government. That is all we ask."

Every son of North Carolina should embrace with patriotic ardor, the opportunity thus offered to maintain his manhood, preserve his liberty and protect his country.

The objections, which some Democrats urge against Mr. Greeley, on account of his past course, do not weigh a feather in comparison with the great benefits his election would bring us.

What would you think of a man, who would bring up an old grudge and commence a quarrel with a neighbor, who had come to assist him, when his house was on fire and about to be consumed? Yet such is the conduct of those Southern Democrats, who, because they differed with Greeley formerly, now refuse to go with their party and vote for him, though they are bound to see and know that he is standing between them and their oppressors and is the only hope of the country.

The reelection of Grant will be a calamity to the country and to our contention, especially, which it is to the South, will be re-enacted. Civil law in North Carolina will be a mere mockery. Our people will be taxed to enrich the bloated carpet-baggers and pampered scoundrels. Drum-head court martial will usurp the place of civil justice, whenever it shall please the whim of a tycoon to order it and our future will be enshrouded in darkness and gloom. Under such circumstances is it not strange that any man, governed by patriotic motives should shrink over old dead issues and hesitate in the performance of a duty so plain and so imperative?"

The reason why Grant's supporters can not clasp their hands across the broad chest is that they have been so deeply imbued in the people's pockets and in the national treasury, that they cannot conveniently clasp hands with anybody just now.

"I make no secret of my conviction that the highest interests of our country demand the election of Mr. Greeley, or my intention to vote for him. At the same time I cheerfully acknowledge our indebtedness to Gen. Grant for his services in the war and for much of his administration as President. My thanks are due and gratefully given to my countrymen who told and told toward me the sentiments you express. My health was bad and too precarious to allow a wish for the nomination. Everything and more than could be hoped for me may be expected from Mr. Greeley."

Chief Justice Chase has declared in favor of Mr. Greeley's election. In answer to an inquiry as to his preference, he says:

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They have the pleasure and gratification of saying before our sister cities following letter from Hon. A. Nimmer, of Cincinnati, bounty, in response to an invitation to address the Greeley and Brown Club at Pitts-

boro.

Gov. Rencher is a politician of the old school. He is far advanced in age, having reached his seventy-ninth year.

He represented his District in the Congress of the United States from 1823 to 1843, successively, and was afterwards appointed to important and responsible positions under the National Government.

He was at one time *Charge D'affaires* to Portugal, and subsequently was appointed Governor of New Mexico.

Gov. Rencher knows Horace Greeley personally, having served with him in Congress, and he bears testimony to his honesty of character and to his hatred of political and official corruption."

When such white-haired statesmen as Gov. Rencher step forward to advocate the claims of Greeley, to raise their voices against the men who have ruined the Republic by the election of an incompetent and despotic military chieftain, it should inspire the young men of the State to renewed zeal and enthusiasm, to overthrow the present corrupt and tyrannical administration. —*Raleigh News.*

PRISONERS, N. C., Sept. 20, 1872.

To Wm. L. London and James H. French, Esq.

GENTLEMEN:—I received your kind invitation to make an address before the Greeley and Brown club on the 21st inst. I trust I need not assure you how much pleasure it would afford me to comply, if I felt I was able to do justice to the subject and to myself. Sensible of the great danger to which our institutions are exposed from the acts of this lawless and corrupt administration, I should feel it my duty, even at my advanced period of life, to warn the people of the threatened danger, if this was not being done every day by those whose age and opportunities enable them to do so much more effectively.

Many years ago, while in prison life, I had an opportunity of knowing Horace Greeley personally, and have since known him as a public man, and if any indorsement were needed from me, both as to the honesty of his character and his hatred of political and official corruption, I stand ready to give it, and to commend him to the people as a statesman without fear and without reproach. Never, at any period of our history, have these great qualities in a man been so important in a President of the United States as at this moment, when peculation and corruption in high places is the order of the day; and even members of Congress, who should be sentinels upon the watch-tower of public liberty to sound the first alarm at the approach of danger, have taken the proffered bribe, become millionaires upon the public spoils in a few years, and cry all is well.—At a time like this, when the public morals are so degenerated, how vastly important it is to have a man in the President's chair who will administer the duties of his high office with the dignity that becomes its importance to the people; and who, by his own bright example, will drown down official corruption in others, instead of having it filled, as it is now, by a military chieftain, who seems to regard his pot horses and dogs as the highest order of animated nature, to look upon offices of honor and trust as his own personal property, which he has a right to bequeath to his henchmen; and bound to do his bidding; and that there is one duty paramount to all others, and to which all others must be sacrificed—that of securing the re-election of their chief.

Let us pray, and labor as well as pray, that a change in government, so important to us in all the relations of life, will be ordered by the people on the 5th of November next.

With great respect,

Very truly yours,

A. Rencher.

The Choice.

The people of the South must make choice as between Greeley and Grant.

There is no alternative. It must be the one or the other.

The one will do justice to the South. The other will further oppress and trample us down.

The one has been indorsed by the Democratic party. The other has been denounced for his tyrannical and corrupt administration.

The one is in favor of ending the bitter memories of the late fratricidal war. The other is opposed to reconciliation and national restoration.

The one advocates an honest and economical administration of the government. The other has illustrated his incapacity and unfitness for office by a narrow-minded and extravagant policy.

The one is in favor of preserving the landmarks of Constitutional liberty. The other has exhibited a reckless disregard of Constitutional restraints, and has been guilty of many acts of despotism and tyranny.

The one is opposed to corruption in all its forms. The other is the representative of all the radical rings that have bled the treasury and plundered the people without stint.

The one is the embodiment of genuine personal, moral and national prosperity. The other is a symbol of hate, of passion of sectional prejudice of military rule, and of centralization.

The one is in favor of preserving the peace of the country and of the world. The other is in favor of embroiling the country and the world in a series of civil wars.

The one is in favor of a just and impartial administration of justice. The other is in favor of a system of military justice, whenever it shall please the whim of a tycoon to order it and our future will be enshrouded in darkness and gloom. Under such circumstances is it not strange that any man, governed by patriotic motives should shrink over old dead issues and hesitate in the performance of a duty so plain and so imperative?"

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With great respect,

Very truly yours,

J. J. Jacob.

Governor Jacob's election was claimed

by the Grant organ as a Radical victory. What have they to say about it now?

Very respectfully,

John J. Jacob.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 9, 1862.

A. PERSEA, Esq.

Dear Sir.—In response to your courteous request to address the Greeley Club to-night, permit me to say, that after the very anxious and exciting canvas through which I have just passed, I have little desire at present to take an active part in political matters.

Political discussions are at no time an agreeable duty to me—at this time it would be distasteful in a high degree.

I trust, however, that my declination will not be construed into unfriendliness or to your organization or a want of sympathy for the objects for which you are contending.

Very respectfully,

John J. Jacob.

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LOCAL ITEMS.

Public Speaking.

J. G. Ramsey and F. B. McDowell, Presidential Electors will address the people at the following times and places:

Mr. Ayer	Thursday	26th
Winston	Saturday	28th
Yadkinville	Monday	30th
Mocksville	Tuesday	Oct. 1st
Salisbury	Tuesday	15th

SUNDAY SCHOOL PIC NIC.—The scholars of Elm Street Sunday School enjoyed a pleasant *pic-nic* at the "Old Rock House Farm" near town, on Saturday last. The day was remarkably fine, and the woods rang with the merry voices of the children, some of whom engaged in a variety of amusing games, while others strolled through the grove near the house. Ample preparations had been made in the way of refreshments, which were spread before the merry group toward evening. The sports of the afternoon were enlivened with choice selections of suitable music by the Brass Band.

Late in the evening the gay company returned to town with happy songs—The day, and its many pleasures, will long be remembered by all who were present.

[Com.]

STILL-HOUSE BURNED.—On Tuesday, the 17th, about midnight the still-house of Mr. Wm. Henry Spears, in this county, was discovered to be on fire, too late to be extinguished. Origin of the fire accidental, and loss \$150.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—Mr. John Dull, of this county, fell from his wagon, laden with hay, and fortunately escaped with only a sprained ankle, which was very painful, however.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for October has been duly received, and it bears the same stamp of usefulness and beauty which has been its characteristic for many years.

CAMPAGN BADGES will be all the rage next month. Parties should supply themselves at once with a neat article, at the BOOK STORE.

FIRST FROST.—We had a slight frost on Thursday morning last, and fires were quite comfortable. Since then the weather has moderated, and at this writing it is quite warm again. We need rain badly.

RICHARD HENRY DANA's poem, "The Buccaneer," magnificently illustrated, opens the October number of Harper's "Down the Danube," "New York Harbor Police" and "Nathaniel Hawthorne," embrace the leading illustrated articles, all of which are excellent. Wilkie Collin's serial "The New Magdalen," promises to equal to his "Woman in White," though dissimilar in plot. Charles Read's "Simpleton" is becoming interesting. Articles by Justin McCarthy, Bayard Taylor, &c., make a brilliant number. \$4 a year. Franklin Square New York, Harper and Brothers.

BROKE JAIL.—On the night of the 11th inst., four persons, George Shipworth, Calvin Speace, James Kelly and George Harden, the three latter colored, broke jail at Yadkinville.

MENTAL PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at cost, at the Book Store. We have a few on consignment and they must be sold.

SCRIBNER for October closes its 4th volume. It opens with a pretty little illustrated poem entitled "Mignonne," followed by a clever sketch, "On the Tobacco Plantation," neatly illustrated. "In and about Paris" is stale, but is relieved by a lively description of "Modern Athens." A batch of short, racy articles and tales make up an excellent number. \$4 a year. Subscriptions received at the Bookstore.

E. A. Vogler wants to purchase fifty barrels dried plums. See advertisement.

A list of Jurors drawn to serve at Fall Term, 1872, of the Superior Court for the county of Stokes, viz:

FIRST WEEK.

J. F. Tilly, R. H. Steele, J. A. Burnett, B. F. Bynum, W. H. Flynn, R. G. Amos, Sam'l D. Steele, F. P. Hall, E. S. Lawton, A. M. Boyles, Joshua Smith, Wm. A. Estes, Henry Lawrence, G. M. Collins, J. V. Garrison, John W. Lawson, D. A. Biby, J. M. Edwards, Andy J. Brown, John P. Griffin, W. D. Smith, Abraham Martin, Wm. Beasley, Masten Wall, C. E. Moore, J. M. Lathey, L. E. Grable, J. A. Gordon, L. C. Thomas, Floyd Owens, I. H. Spainhour, J. M. Hill, S. M. Jessup, John Boyles, Sr., G. P. Dalton, W. M. Gordon.

SECOND WEEK.

Edwin Mabe, Jr., James Forrest, P. H. Carter, J. A. P. Dalton, James George, R. T. Martin, Wm. T. Ward, Sterling Adams, F. J. Baker, A. J. Martin, T. E. Gravitt, C. U. Smith, Z. S. Alley, A. C. Myers, Joseph Redman, H. C. Gibson, A. C. James, S. M. Goff.

It is seldom that articles from the pen of Jas. Parton, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Bayard Taylor, Elizabeth C. Agassiz grace the pages of a single monthly, yet it is the case in the *Atlantic* for October. Every number is an improvement on its predecessor. *Meredith* takes the place of mere novelty. \$4 a year. Boston, Jas. B. Osgood and Co.

Charles Hanner, colored, was tried at Greensboro last Saturday forenoon, for horse stealing, and being convicted, was sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Dr. G. B. Powison, a well-known druggist of Salisbury, N. C., formerly of Norfolk, Va., died a few days since.

The Charlotte *Observer* says Richard Howell, esq., of Mecklenburg county, will make ten thousand pounds of seed *Sea Island* cotton from six acres of land.

The *Wilmington Journal* is the criminal docket of Cumberland Superior Court.

The *Wilmington Journal* is in the news in Brunswick county last Friday.

The Goldsboro *Advertiser* of this week refers to an important case that comes up the other day in Yadkin county.

The case of the Goldsboro negro rioters was called up on Wednesday. The Solicitor after selecting a jury consisting of eight colored and four whites, confined himself unable to prosecute as he had given the case no attention. The counsel employed by our last year's administration had withdrawn from the case because the present town officials refused to pay the promised fee. The result was the malice proved a disgusting farce, and the Honor Judge Clarke, after hearing Mr. Sherard's statement, ordered a *not pro* to be entered.

The Asheboro *itizen* says: Old Mr. Westerholme died the other day at the Poor House of this county, aged 90 years. The deceased was a clergyman of the Church of England and of high education being a graduate of Cambridge University, England. He died to the country many years ago, it is said, on account of some political offence he committed against the English government. It is believed that he never exercised his ministry in this country. His mind was much shattered at the time of his death.

The following young men from North Carolina have been admitted to the Military Academy at West Point as the result of the examination for 1872: H. J. Bailey, N. H. Carpenter, J. W. DeVevey, John H. Gross, C. S. McCormick, S. S. Peagay, Wm. A. Saunders, and Herbert H. Slocum.

Loring Lowry and Purdie Jones whose arrest for complicity with the outlaws in some of their crimes we mentioned a week or two since, were taken in custody by James Dunham, the same man who shot and killed the outlaw, Bob Strong, some time ago, he having been appointed by Sheriff of Robeson special deputy for the purpose. Jacobs showed resistance at first, but finally succumbed. They are now in jail at Lumberton under a strong guard of citizens. We glean these facts from the *Robertsonian*.—*Wil. Star.*

A CURIOSITY.—As Mr. Coble, residing twelve miles south of Greensboro, was plowing in his field one day last week he turned up a flat rock, soft and smooth on one side on which the following inscription was traced in cut letters: "Major Fanning was wounded on this spot, 1765."

The Raleigh *Newspaper* says: Charles Loughlin, Esq., formerly a citizen of Warrenton, N. C., was found dead on the streets of Norfolk, in front of Salisbury's shoe store, at an early hour yesterday morning, shot through the head with a ball, supposed to have been from a pistol.

The physicians of Randolph county have entered into mutual agreement to keep a black book, containing the names of those who can and won't pay, and also those who are in the habit of changing their Doctors annually.

The Charlotte *Democrat* says: Mr. John McConnell, of this city, showed us a boot on Saturday last which measured 18 inches round, 18 inches long, and weighed 73 pounds. It was grown in Mr. McConnell's garden.

Jacob Thompson is the only living member of Buchanan's cabinet who advocated secession. The Raleigh *Newspaper* says he was once a tutor at Chapel Hill, and many of the boys will remember him as "Old Jake" noted for tenacity and pluck.

The Greensboro *Patriot* is responsible for the following snake story when it says that one of the workmen in charge of a still belonging to Mr. Nick Dalton, of Ireland, noticed a snake in a woodpile and on turning the wood over found and killed 35 full grown moccasons.

We learn that the young man Gilchrist reported last week as mortally wounded in the affray in which W. B. McClellan was killed, is still living, and it is now thought he will recover.

The Battleboro *Advocate* says: Little Johnnie, only six years old, son of Mr. J. H. Green, of Nash county, picked out 107 pounds of cotton in one day.

We learn from the Goldsboro *Messenger* that a young man named Rich'd King, residing near Clinton, accidentally and fatally shot himself one day last week.

The Charlotte *Democrat* says: Mr. Joseph Stewart, living in Sharpe, in that country, lost his life on Monday last by being crushed in a cotton screw.

James B. Hobgood, Esq., of Granville, sold four tierses of tobacco at Danville, Va., a few days ago, at an average of \$75 per hundred.

The *Carolina Eagle*, published at Hickory Tavern, N. C., by Dr. J. H. Ellis, has been purchased by J. B. Hussey, Esq., who has assumed editorial control of the paper.

The Asheville *itizen* states that suit has been brought in the Iredell court, to foreclose the mortgages on the Western N. C. Railroad.

Two fine horses belonging to Col. B. F. Little, of Richmond county, were killed by lightning on Saturday of last week.

We learn that a negro was stabbed and killed last week in Yadkin county by another negro who made his escape.

The new building of the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Institution, at Raleigh, will be ready for occupancy on the 1st of January.

Two hundred thousand dollars are annually sent out of North Carolina for Insurance.

The Goldsboro *Messenger* has commenced issuing its weekly "News Letter Supplement."

The *Sentinel* says these are some thirty-five new dwellings in process of construction in Raleigh.

Twenty thousand voters in North Carolina did not vote in the late election, says the Raleigh *Newspaper*.

The Raleigh *itizen* are making great preparations for the reception of their returning brethren.

Rev. L. Branson has purchased J. A. Jones' book business in Raleigh.

Six cases before Rutherford Court next week.

The *Sentinel* says a tournament at the State Fair is to be held on Saturday.

There are 127 students in attendance at Trinity College.

Unusually high tides visited the Cape Fear river, at Wilmington, last week.

We learn from the Raleigh *Newspaper* that Judge Warren has been stricken with paralysis.

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FIRST FROST.—We had a slight frost on Thursday morning last, and fires were quite comfortable. Since then the weather has moderated, and at this writing it is quite warm again. We need rain badly.

RICHARD HENRY DANA's poem, "The Buccaneer," magnificently illustrated, opens the October number of Harper's "Down the Danube," "New York Harbor Police" and "Nathaniel Hawthorne," embrace the leading illustrated articles, all of which are excellent. Wilkie Collin's serial "The New Magdalen," promises to equal to his "Woman in White," though dissimilar in plot. Charles Read's "Simpleton" is becoming interesting. Articles by Justin McCarthy, Bayard Taylor, &c., make a brilliant number. \$4 a year. Franklin Square New York, Harper and Brothers.

BROKE JAIL.—On the night of the 11th inst., four persons, George Shipworth, Calvin Speace, James Kelly and George Harden, the three latter colored, broke jail at Yadkinville.

MENTAL PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at cost, at the Book Store. We have a few on consignment and they must be sold.

SCRIBNER for October closes its 4th volume. It opens with a pretty little illustrated poem entitled "Mignonne," followed by a clever sketch, "On the Tobacco Plantation," neatly illustrated. "In and about Paris" is stale, but is relieved by a lively description of "Modern Athens." A batch of short, racy articles and tales make up an excellent number. \$4 a year. Subscriptions received at the Bookstore.

E. A. Vogler wants to purchase fifty barrels dried plums. See advertisement.

A list of Jurors drawn to serve at Fall Term, 1872, of the Superior Court for the county of Stokes, viz:

FIRST WEEK.

J. F. Tilly, R. H. Steele, J. A. Burnett, B. F. Bynum, W. H. Flynn, R. G. Amos, Sam'l D. Steele, F. P. Hall, E. S. Lawton, A. M. Boyles, Joshua Smith, Wm. A. Estes, Henry Lawrence, G. M. Collins, J. V. Garrison, John W. Lawson, D. A. Biby, J. M. Edwards, Andy J. Brown, John P. Griffin, W. D. Smith, Abraham Martin, Wm. Beasley, Masten Wall, C. E. Moore, J. M. Lathey, L. E. Grable, J. A. Gordon, L. C. Thomas, Floyd Owens, I. H. Spainhour, J. M. Hill, S. M. Jessup, John Boyles, Sr., G. P. Dalton, W. M. Gordon.

SECOND WEEK.

Edwin Mabe, Jr., James Forrest, P. H. Carter, J. A. P. Dalton, James George, R. T. Martin, Wm. T. Ward, Sterling Adams, F. J. Baker, A. J. Martin, T. E. Gravitt, C. U. Smith, Z. S. Alley, A. C. Myers, Joseph Redman, H. C. Gibson, A. C. James, S. M. Goff.

It is seldom that articles from the pen of Jas. Parton, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Bayard Taylor, Elizabeth C. Agassiz grace the pages of a single monthly, yet it is the case in the *Atlantic* for October. Every number is an improvement on its predecessor. *Meredith* takes the place of mere novelty. \$4 a year. Boston, Jas. B. Osgood and Co.

Charles Hanner, colored, was tried at Greensboro last Saturday forenoon, for horse stealing, and being convicted, was sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Dr. G. B. Powison, a well-known druggist of Salisbury, N. C., formerly of Norfolk, Va., died a few days since.

The Charlotte *Observer* says Richard Howell, esq., of Mecklenburg county, will make ten thousand pounds of seed *Sea Island* cotton from six acres of land.

The *Wilmington Journal* is the criminal docket of Cumberland Superior Court.

The *Wilmington Journal* is in the news in Brunswick county last Friday.

The Goldsboro *Advertiser* of this week refers to an important case that comes up the other day in Yadkin county.

The case of the Goldsboro negro rioters was called up on Wednesday. The Solicitor after selecting a jury consisting of eight colored and four whites, confined himself unable to prosecute as he had given the case no attention. The counsel employed by our last year's administration had withdrawn from the case because the present town officials refused to pay the promised fee. The result was the malice proved a disgusting farce, and the Honor Judge Clarke, after hearing Mr. Sherard's statement, ordered a *not pro* to be entered.

The Asheboro *itizen* says: Old Mr. Westerholme died the other day at the Poor House of this county, aged 90 years. The deceased was a clergyman of the Church of England and of high education being a graduate of Cambridge University, England. He died to the country many years ago, it is said, on account of some political offence he committed

